(Ho et al.)

Appn. Number 10/668,801

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Amnt. A contd. **GAU 3737**

AMENDMENTS TO THE CLAIMS:

MSI

Please cancel claims 3 and 13 from further consideration. Please amend claims 1, 11, and 12. Please add new claims 23, 24, 25 and 26.

A complete listing of all claims and their current status is presented below.

The claims of the invention are:

- 1. (Currently amended) A non-invasive optical method for diagnosing internal bleeding or hemorrhage in a human body by detecting leaked blood comprising: administering a fluorescent compound parenterally; providing a light source having a light beam, wherein said light beam contains a wavelength absorbable by said fluorescent compound, wherein said light beam is illuminated at and transmitted through a thin layer of tissue region into said human body; and after administering said fluorescent compound for a few minutes, analyzing a fluorescence signal produced from said fluorescent compound in said leaked blood for diagnosing the presence or absence of internal bleeding in said human body; wherein said thin layer of tissue, < 1 cm in thickness, is posterior fornix of vaginal wall, or rectal wall between the superior and inferior rectal valves.
- 2. (original) The method of claim 1, wherein said leaked blood is selected from a group consisting of internal bleeding for gynecology, obstetrics, neonatology, surgery bleeding, post-surgery bleeding, emergency medicine, and veterinary medicine.
- 3. (Canceled)
- 4. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said light source has a wavelength between 400 nm and 800 nm.
- 5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said fluorescence signal has a wavelength between 500 nm and 950 nm.
- 6. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said fluorescent compound has a dosage effective for producing the fluorescence signal.
- 7. (Original) The method of claim 6, wherein said dosage is in the range between 0.1 mg/kg and 10 mg/kg.
- 8. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said light source is a laser.

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- 9. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said fluorescent compound is indocyanine green.
- 10. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein said fluorescence signal is either an image or a spectral signal.
- 11. (Currently amended) A non-invasive optical device for diagnosing internal bleeding in human body by detecting leaked blood comprising: a fluorescent compound administered parenterally, but not limited to intravenous injection; a light source having a light beam, wherein said light beam contains a wavelength absorbable by said fluorescent compound, wherein said light beam is illuminated at and transmitted through a thin layer of tissue region into said human body; and fluorescence detection means for analyzing a fluorescence signal produced from said fluorescent compound in said leaked blood for diagnosing the presence or absence of internal bleeding in said human body; wherein said thin layer of tissue, < 1 cm in thickness, is posterior fornix of vaginal wall, or rectal wall between the superior and inferior rectal valves.
- 12. (Currently amended) The device of claim 11, wherein said leaked blood is selected from a group consisting of internal bleeding for, but not limited to, gynecology, obstetrics, neonatology, surgery bleeding, post-surgery bleeding, emergency medicine, and veterinary medicine.
- 13. (Canceled)
- 14. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said light source has a wavelength between 400 nm and 800 nm.
- 15. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said fluorescence signal has a wavelength between 500 nm and 950 nm.
- 16. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said fluorescent compound has a dosage effective for producing the fluorescence signal detectable by the fluorescence detection means.
- 17. (Original) The device of claim 16, wherein said dosage is in the range between 0.1 mg/kg and 10 mg/kg.
- 18. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said light source is a laser.

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- 19. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said fluorescent compound is indocyanine green.
- 20. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said fluorescence signal is either an image or a spectral signal.
- 21. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said light beam is guided with at least one optical fiber.
- 22. (Original) The device of claim 11, wherein said fluorescence detection means comprises at least one optical filter or optical grating.
- 23. (new) The method of claim 1, wherein said thin layer of tissue is about 2 to 4 mm in thickness.
- 24. (new) The device of claim 11, wherein said thin layer of tissue is about 2 to 4 mm in thickness.
- 25. (new) The method of claim 1, wherein said leaked blood is in the cul-de-sac of abdomen.
- 26. (new) The device of claim 11, wherein said leaked blood is in the cul-de-sac of abdomen.